

Geographic Data Science - Lecture V

Space, formally

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Today

- The need to represent space formally
- Spatial weights matrices
 - What
 - Why
 - Types
- The spatial lag
- The Moran Plot

Space, formally

For a statistical method to be **explicitly spatial**, it needs to contain some representation of the geography, or **spatial context**

One of the most common ways is through **Spatial Weights Matrices**

- **(Geo)Visualization:** translating numbers into a (visual) language that the human brain *"speaks better"*
- **Spatial Weights Matrices:** translating geography into a (numerical) language that a computer *"speaks better"*.

Core element in several spatial analysis techniques:

- Spatial autocorrelation
- Spatial clustering / geodemographics
- Spatial regression

W as a formal representation of
space

W

*$N \times N$ positive matrix that contains spatial relations
between all the observations in the sample*

$$w_{ij} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} x > 0 & \text{if } i \text{ and } j \text{ are neighbors} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right\}$$

$w_{ii} = 0$ by convention

...What is a neighbor???

Types of W

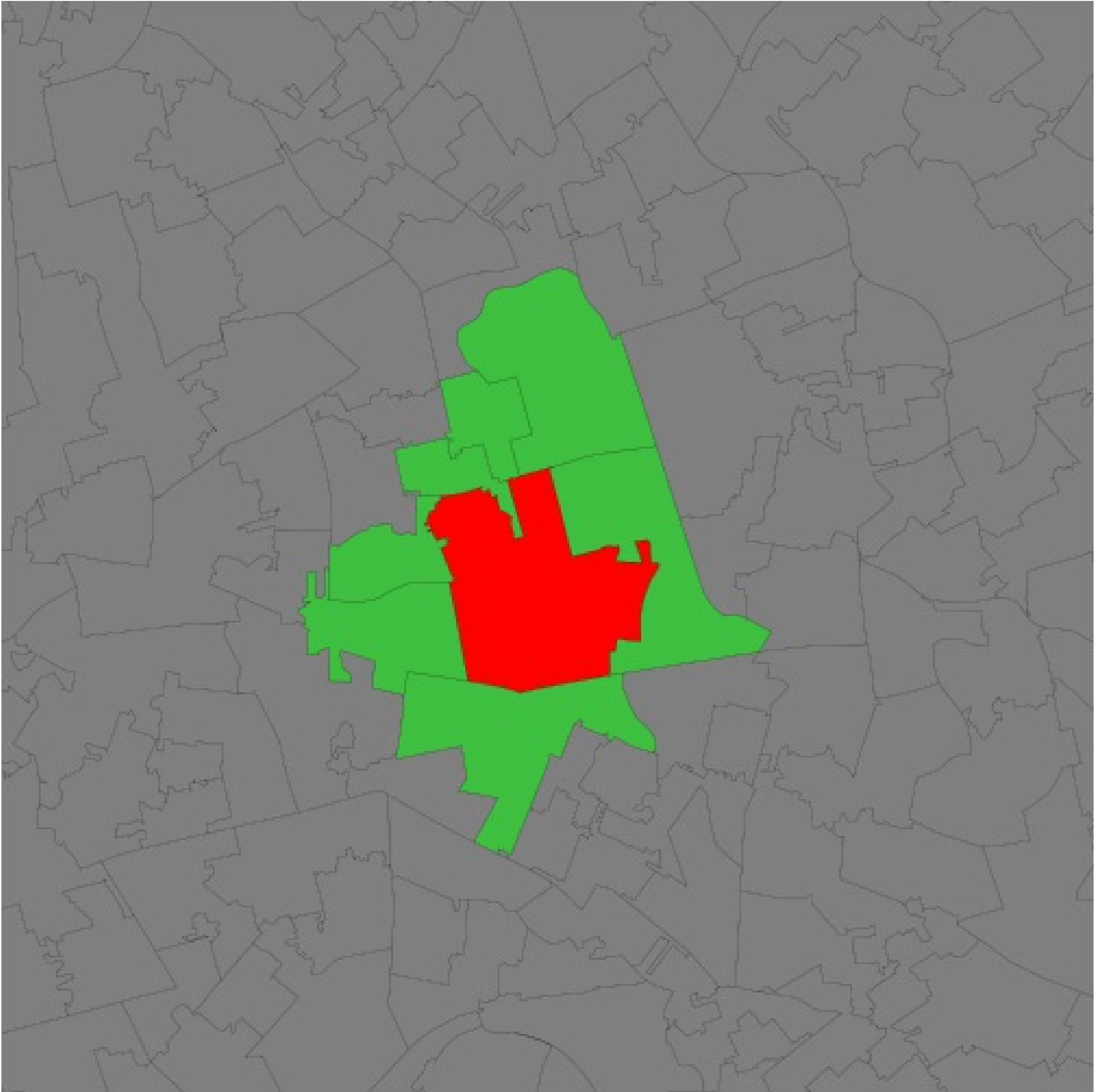
A neighbor is "somebody" who is:

- Next door → **Contiguity**-based W s
- Close → **Distance**-based W s
- In the same "place" as us → **Block** weights
- ...

Contiguity-based weights

Sharing boundaries to any extent

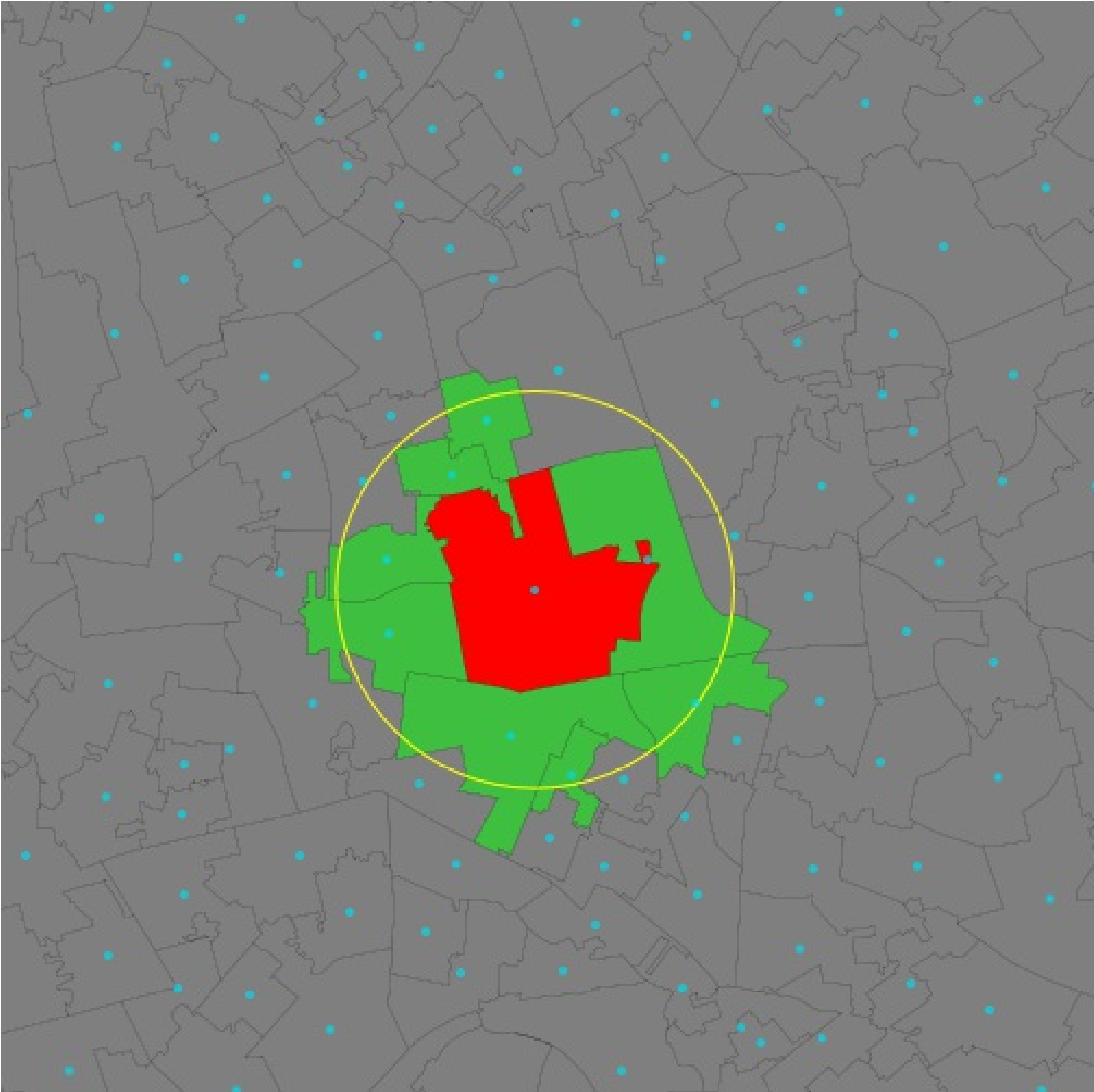
- Rook
- Queen
- ...



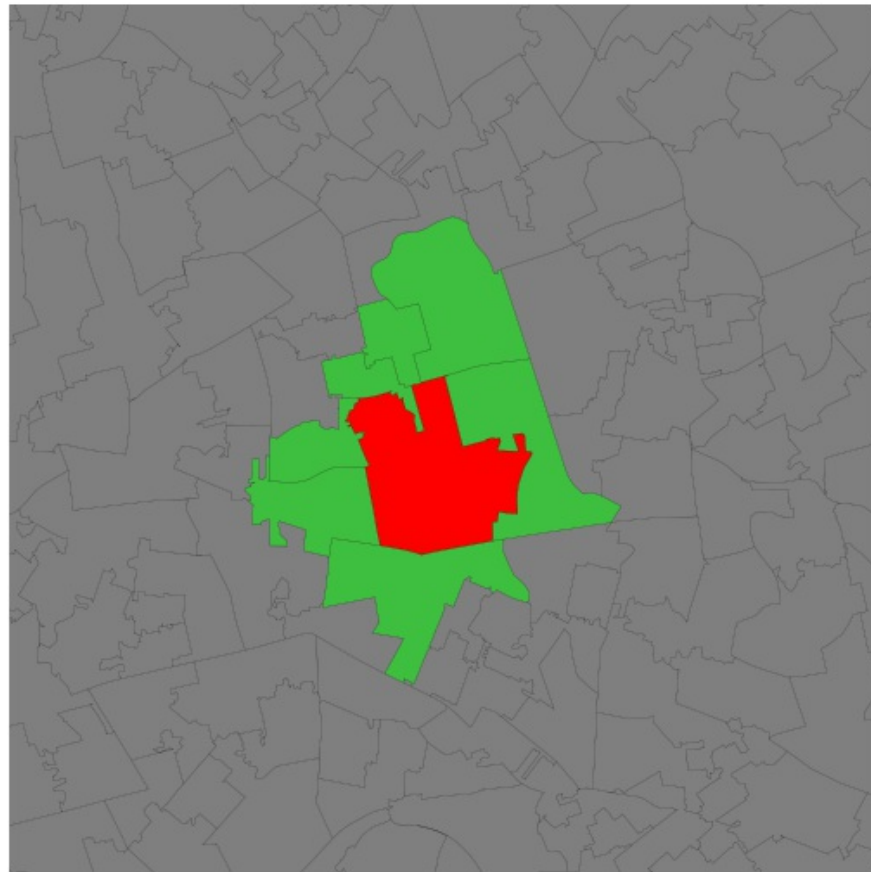
Distance-based weights

Weight is (inversely) proportional to distance between observations

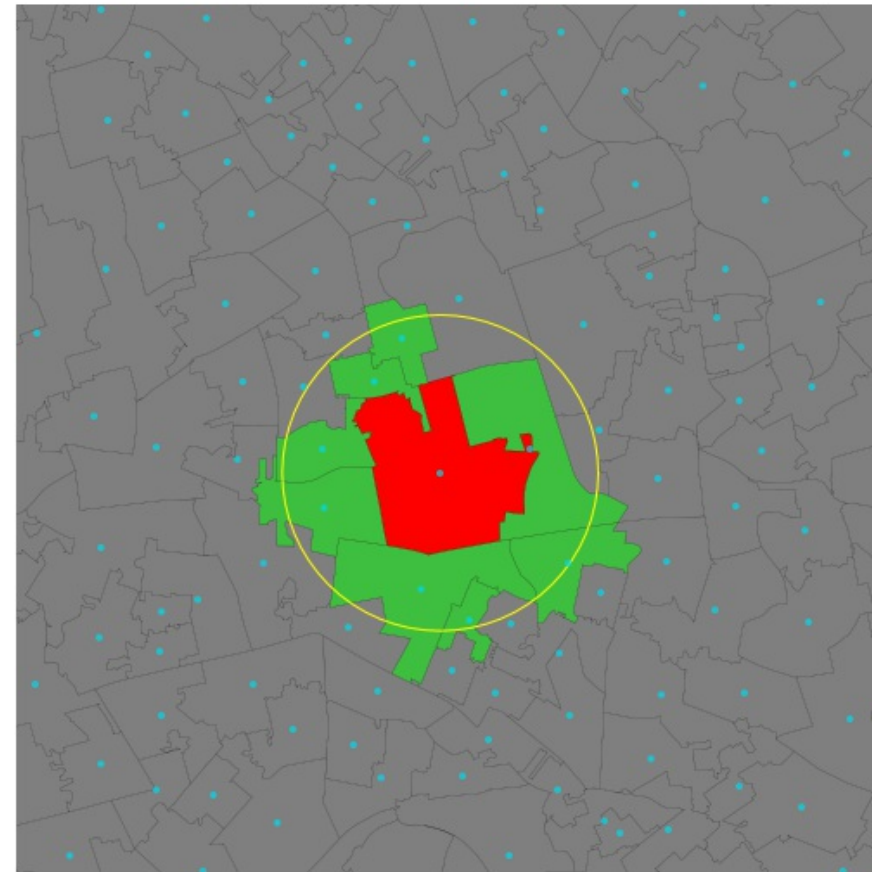
- Inverse distance (threshold)
- KNN (fixed number of neighbors)
- ...



Queen neighbors of 'E01006690'



Neighbors within 1km of 'E01006690'

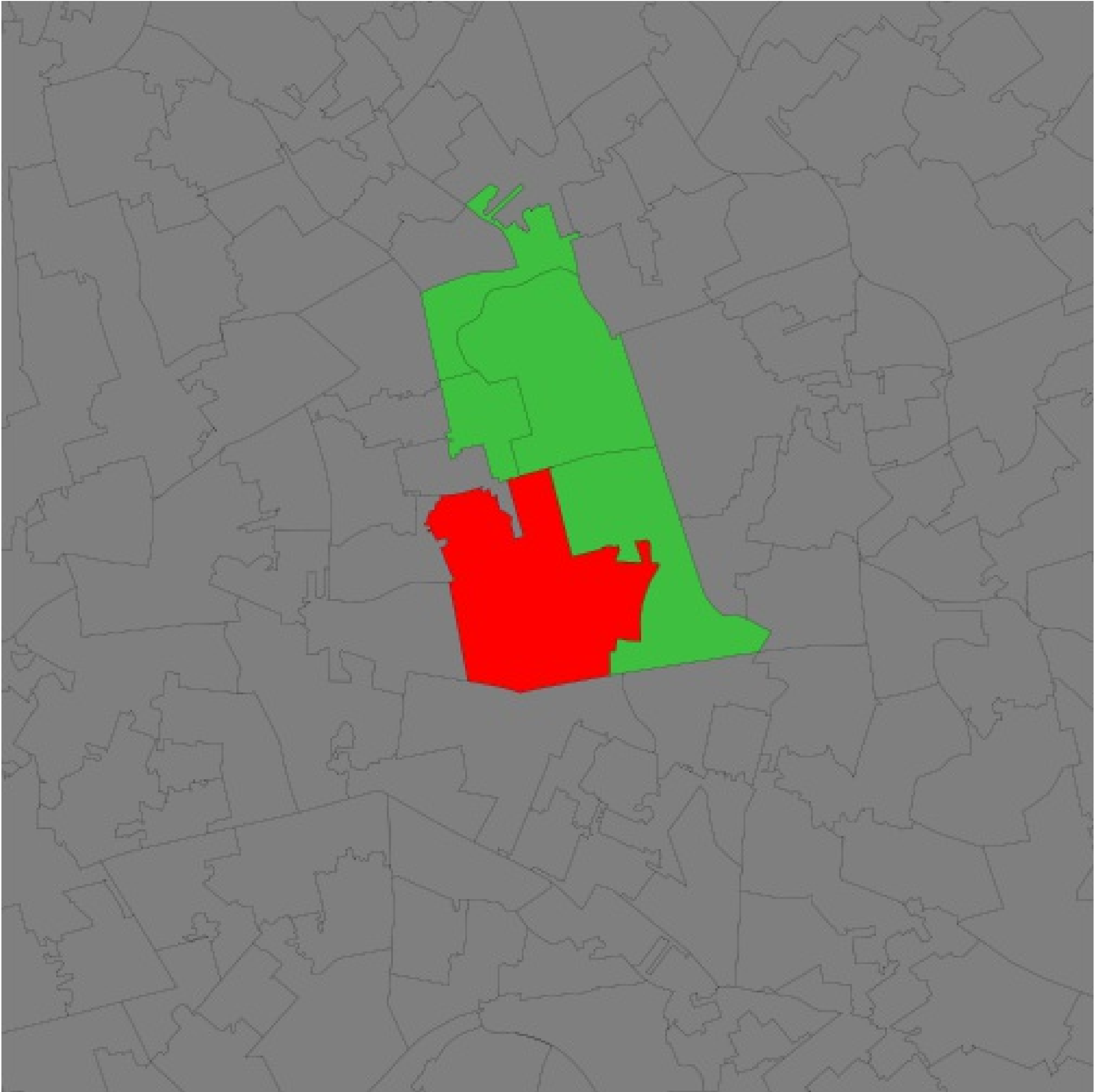


Block weights

Weights are assigned based on discretionary rules loosely related to geography

For example:

- LSOAs into MSOAs
- Post-codes within city boundaries
- Counties within states
- ...



Other types of weights

- Combinations of the above
- Kernel
- Statistically-derived
- ...

See [Anselin & Rey \(2014\)](#) for an in-detail discussion.

How much of a neighbor?

No neighbors receive zero weight: $w_{ij} = 0$

Neighbors, it depends, w_{ij} can be:

- One $w_{ij} = 1 \rightarrow$ **Binary**
- Some proportion ($0 < w_{ij} < 1$, **continuous**) which can be a function of:
 - Distance
 - Strength of interaction (e.g. commuting flows, trade, etc.)
 - ...

Choice of W

Should be based on and reflect the **underlying channels of interaction** for the question at hand.

Examples:

- Processes propagated by immediate contact (e.g. disease contagion) → Contiguity weights
- Accessibility → Distance weights
- Effects of county differences in laws → Block weights

Do your own (contiguity)
weights time!

1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
4	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
6	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
7	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
8	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
9	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0

Standardization

In some applications (e.g. spatial autocorrelation) it is common to *standardize* W

The most widely used standardization is **row-based**: divide every element by the sum of the row:

$$w_{ij} = \frac{w_{ij}}{w_{i.}}$$

where $w_{i.}$ is the sum of a row.

The spatial lag

The spatial lag

Product of a spatial weights matrix W and a given variable Y

$$Y_{sl} = WY$$

$$Y_{sl} - i = \sum_j w_{ij} Y_j$$

- Measure that captures the behaviour of a variable in the neighborhood of a given observation i .
- If W is standardized, the spatial lag is the *average value of the variable in the neighborhood*

- Common way to introduce space formally in a statistical framework
- Heavily used in both ESDA and spatial regression to delineate neighborhoods. Examples:
 - Moran's I
 - LISAs
 - Spatial models (lag, error...)

Moran Plot

Moran Plot

- Graphical device that displays a variable on the horizontal axis against its spatial lag on the vertical one

- Usually, variables are standardized (

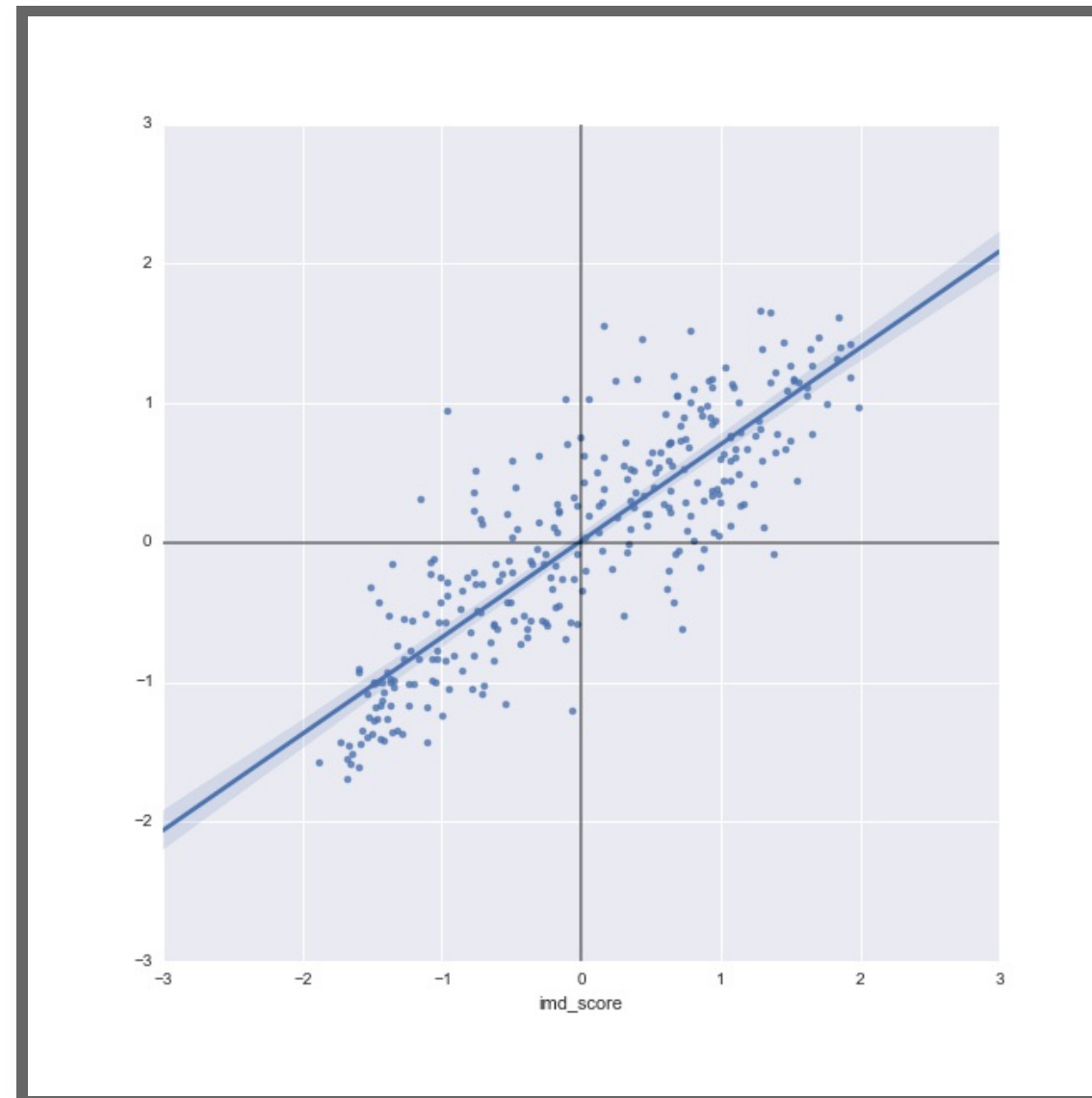
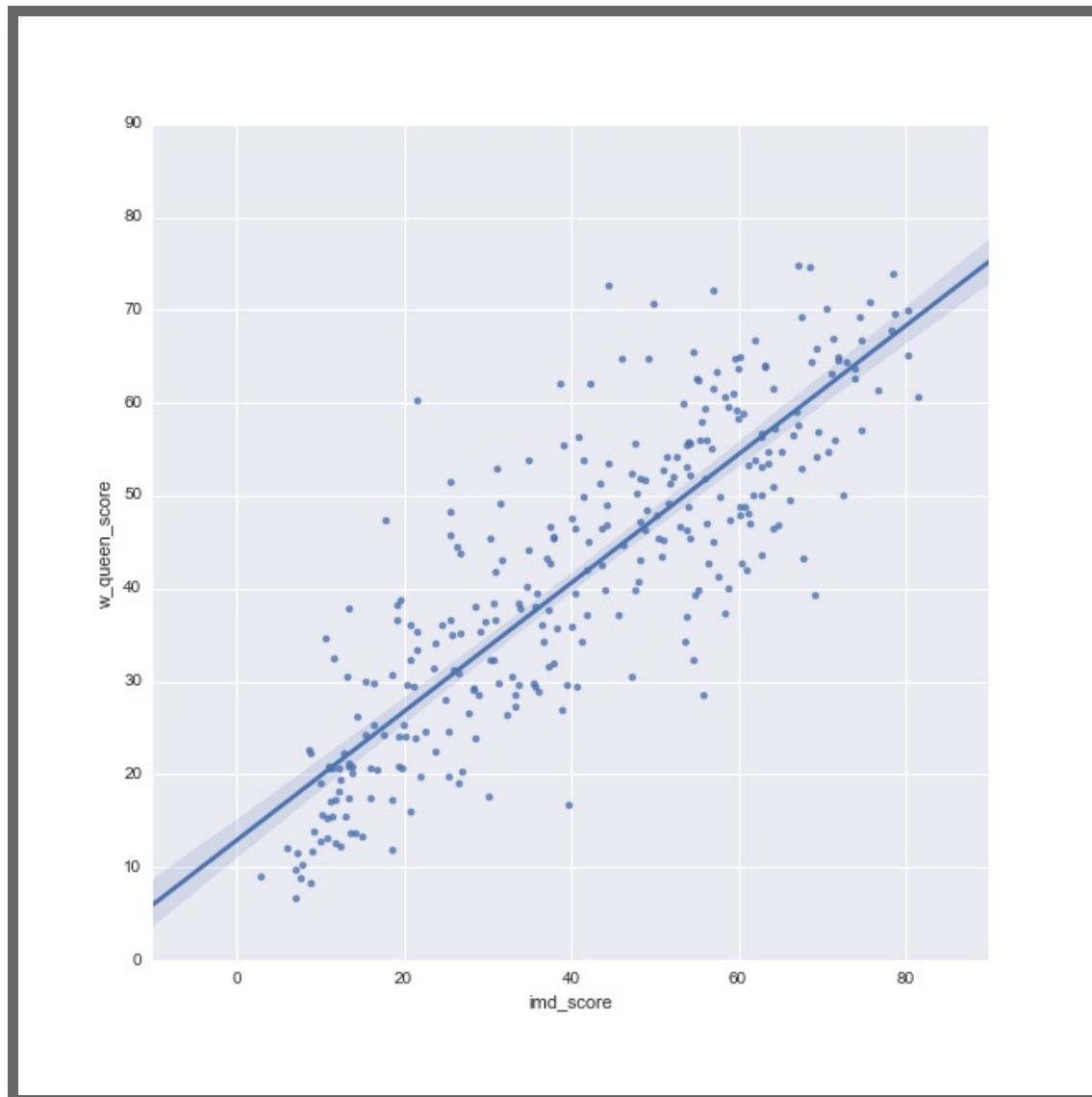
$$\frac{y - \text{mean}(y)}{\text{std}(y)}$$

), which divides the space into

quadrants

- Tool to start exploring spatial autocorrelation

Moran Plot



Recapitulation

- Spatial Weights matrices: matrix encapsulation of space
- Different types for different cases
- Useful in many contexts, like the spatial lag and Moran plot, but also many other things!



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